ΑD		

Award Number: DAMD17-01-1-0665

TITLE: Blocking Internalization of Phosphatidylethanolamine at

Cleavage Furrow of Mitosis as a Novel Mechanism of

Anti-Breast-Cancer Strategy

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR: Zheng Cui, M.D.

CONTRACTING ORGANIZATION: Wake Forest University School of

Medicine

Winston-Salem, North Carolina 27157

REPORT DATE: June 2003

TYPE OF REPORT: Final

PREPARED FOR: U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command

Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT: Approved for Public Release;

Distribution Unlimited

The views, opinions and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy or decision unless so designated by other documentation.

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB No. 074-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503

1.	AGEN	ICY	USE	ONLY
(Leave	bla	nk)	

2. REPORT DATE
June 2003

3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED

Final (1 Jun 2001 - 31 May 2003)

4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE

Blocking Internalization of Phosphatidylethanolamine at Cleavage Furrow of Mitosis as a Novel Mechanism of Anti-Breast-Cancer Strategy

5. FUNDING NUMBERS
DAMD17-01-1-0665

6. AUTHOR(S)

Zheng Cui, M.D.

7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)

Wake Forest University School of Medicine Winston-Salem, North Carolina 27157

8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER

E-Mail:

zhengcui@wfubmc.edu

9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)

U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012

10. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER

11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

12a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

Approved for Public Release; Distribution Unlimited

12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE

13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 Words)

During the formation of cleavage furrow of mitosis, phosphatidylethanolamine (PE) flips from inner leaflet of the plasma membrane to the outer leaflet specifically in the furrow region near the contractile ring. Immediately after the contractile ring separates the two daughter cells, PE returns from outer leaflet to inner leaflet. This transient movement of PE during cytokinesis is essential because blockage of this PE movement results in a failure of mitosis and leads to cell death. Cinnamycin produced by Streptoverticillium griseoverticillatum targets specifically to PE on cell surface at the cleavage furrow of mitotic cells but not the non-dividing cells. This proposal is to test if cinnamycin is a better anti-tumor drug for treatment of breast cancers because of several advantages: 1) Cinnamycin only targets proliferating cells but has no effect on non-proliferating cells. 2) The anti-proliferation activity doesn't require cinnamycin to enter the cells. 3) Cinnamycin doesn't have to suffer the effect of multi-drug resistance mechanism or cellular metabolism. Because cinnamycin is no longer available commercially, we had to devise production procedures and to purify this compound in our own lab. Thus, completion of this proposal would require longer time than that was originally proposed.

14. SUBJECT TERMS Breast cancer; cinnamy	15. NUMBER OF PAGES 4		
			16. PRICE CODE
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT
Unclassified	Unclassified	Unclassified	Unlimited

Table of Contents

Cover	1
SF 298	2
Table of Contents	3
Introduction	4
Body	4
Key Research Accomplishments	4
Reportable Outcomes	4
Conclusions	4
References	n/a
Appendices	n/a

Final Report